

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	Case No. CR-18-260-48-SLP
	)	
JAMES BURGER,	)	
	)	
Defendant.	)	

**ORDER**

Before the Court is Defendant's pro se Motion to Reduce Sentence [Doc. No. 2907]. Defendant seeks a reduction of his sentence pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) and Amendment 821 to the United States Sentencing Guidelines (U.S.S.G.). The Government has filed a Response [Doc. No. 2912] and opposes the requested relief. The Court has further reviewed the Probation Office's Preliminary Report for Consideration of Sentence Reduction Based on Amendment 821 [Doc. No. 2909]. For the reasons that follow, Defendant's Motion to Reduce Sentence is DISMISSED.

**I. Background**

On October 17, 2019, Defendant pled guilty to possession with intent to distribute methamphetamine, in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1). *See* Doc. Nos. 1400-1402. On August 28, 2020, the United States Probation Office filed its Final Presentence Investigation Report (PSR). Doc. No. 2057. The PSR calculated a base offense level of 36 and an adjusted offense level of 45. *Id.* ¶¶ 28-31, 33, 35. The PSR applied a three-level reduction for acceptance of responsibility. *Id.* ¶¶ 37-38. The resulting total offense

level was 42. *Id.* ¶ 39.

Based on Defendant's prior criminal convictions, the PSR calculated a total criminal history score of 15. *Id.* ¶ 56. Two additional points (status points) were added because Defendant committed the offense while under a criminal justice sentence. *Id.* ¶ 57. Thus, the PSR calculated a total criminal history score of 17, which established a criminal history category of VI. *Id.* ¶ 58. Combining Defendant's total offense level of 43 and criminal history category of VI, the PSR recommended a guideline imprisonment range of 360 months' imprisonment. *Id.* ¶ 105.

On December 7, 2020, the Court sustained one of the Defendant's objections and found that the three-level adjustment for role was not warranted. Doc. No. 2273 at 1. The adjusted offense level changed to 42, and after a three-level reduction for acceptance of responsibility, the total offense level changed to 39. *Id.*

Combining Defendant's total offense level of 39 and criminal history category VI, the recommended guideline range was still 360 months' imprisonment to life imprisonment. *Id.* The Court then adopted the PSR with that change, varied downward and sentenced Defendant to 192 months' imprisonment. Doc. Nos 2266, 2272 at 2, 2273 at 1.

On January 8, 2024, Defendant filed the pending Motion. He seeks a reduction pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) based on Amendment 821.

## **II. Governing Standard**

"A district court does not have inherent authority to modify a previously imposed sentence; it may do so only pursuant to statutory authorization." *United States v. Mendoza*,

118 F.3d 707, 709 (10th Cir. 1997). One source of statutory authorization is section 3582 which allows for a possible reduction for a defendant “who has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment based on a sentencing range that has subsequently been lowered by the Sentencing Commission.” 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2).

Section 3582(c)(2) “establishes a two-step inquiry.” *Dillon v. United States*, 560 U.S. 817, 826 (2010). “At step one, § 3582(c)(2) requires the court to follow the Commission’s instructions in [U.S.S.G.] § 1B1.10 to determine the prisoner’s eligibility for a sentence modification and the extent of the reduction authorized.” *Id.* at 827. “At step two of the inquiry, § 3582(c)(2) instructs a court to consider any applicable § 3553(a) factors and determine whether, in its discretion, the reduction authorized by reference to the policies relevant at step one is warranted in whole or in part under the particular circumstances of the case.” *Id.*

Here, Defendant seeks a sentence reduction pursuant to Amendment 821 to the U.S.S.G. which took effect on November 1, 2023, and applies retroactively. Part A of Amendment 821 limits the criminal history impact of “status points,” and Subpart 1 of Part B of Amendment 821 creates a new guideline, § 4C1.1, that provides for a decrease of two offense levels for “Zero-Point Offenders.” *See* U.S. Sent’g Guidelines Manual app. C Supp., amend. 821 (U.S. Sent’g Comm’n 2023). With respect to the guideline for zero-point offenders, a defendant is eligible for a two-level reduction in the offense level if he or she meets all ten of the listed criteria.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Those ten criteria are:

### III. Analysis

Part A of Amendment 821 reduces the assigned number of status points to either one (if the defendant had seven or more criminal history points) or zero (if the defendant had fewer than seven criminal history points). Application of the amendment here reduces Defendant's criminal history score from 17 to 16. But even with this reduction, Defendant's criminal history category remains a VI, and his guideline range remains unchanged. Thus, a sentence reduction is not authorized under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2). *See* U.S.S.G. § 1B1.10(a)(2)(B).

### IV. Conclusion

For the reasons set forth, the Court lacks jurisdiction to reduce Defendant's sentence. *See United States v. White*, 765 F.3d 1240, 1242 (10th Cir. 2014) (“[D]ismissal


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- (1) the defendant did not receive any criminal history points from Chapter Four, Part A;
  - (2) the defendant did not receive an adjustment under § 3A1.4 (Terrorism);
  - (3) the defendant did not use violence or credible threats of violence in connection with the offense;
  - (4) the offense did not result in death or serious bodily injury;
  - (5) the instant offense of conviction is not a sex offense;
  - (6) the defendant did not personally cause substantial financial hardship;
  - (7) the defendant did not possess, receive, purchase, transport, transfer, sell, or otherwise dispose of a firearm or other dangerous weapon (or induce another participant to do so) in connection with the offense;
  - (8) the instant offense of conviction is not covered by § 2H1.1 (Offenses Involving Individual Rights);
  - (9) the defendant did not receive an adjustment under § 3A1.1 (Hate Crime Motivation or Vulnerable Victim) or § 3A1.5 (Serious Human Rights Offense); and
  - (10) the defendant did not receive an adjustment under § 3B1.1 (Aggravating Role) and was not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise, as defined in 21 U.S.C. § 848 . . . .

U.S.S.G. § 4C1.1(a).

for lack of jurisdiction rather than denial on the merits is the appropriate disposition of [defendant's] § 3582(c)(2) motion.”).

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Defendant's pro se Motion to Reduce Sentence [Doc. No. 2907] is DISMISSED.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 6th day of November, 2024.

  
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SCOTT L. PALK  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE